In-vitro Diagnostic reagent/kit for quantitative determination of Cholesterol in serum/plasma sample on Photometric System.

ORDER INFORMATION

Cat no. Kit Configuration

LG116-200 Reagent T1-100 ML Reagent T2-5 ML Reagent D1- 100 ML

Reagent D2-5 ML Reagent T1-500 MI Reagent T2-10 ML

Reagent D1-500 ML Reagent D2-10 ML

REAGENT

Reagent : Enzyme solution Standard: Cholesterol 200 mg/dL

LG116-1000

SUMMARY

Cholesterol is an integral part of cell membrane and a precursor for steroidal hormones and bile acids that are synthesized by cells and absorbed with food. Cholesterol is transported in blood via lipoproteins. There are different types of lipoproteins: High Density Lipoproteins (HDL), Low Density Lipoproteins (LDL), Very Low Density Lipoproteins (VLDL) and Chylomicrons. While LDL is involved in the cholesterol transport to the peripheral cells, HDL is responsible for the cholesterol uptake from the cells. The increase or decrease in value of these Lipoproteins results in increase or decrease in Cholesterol concentration in one place. This results in risk such as coronary heart disease.

PRINCIPLE

Cholesterol and its esters are released from lipoproteins by detergents. Cholesterol esterase hydrolyses the esters. In the subsequent oxidation by cholesterol oxidase, H_2O_2 is liberated. The colorimetric indicator is quinoneimine is generated from 4 aminoantipyrine and phenol by H_2O_2 under the catalytic action of peroxidase (Trinder's reaction).

Cholesterol ester + H₂O CHE

Cholesterol + Fatty acid

Cholesterol + O2 CHOD

Cholesterol-3-one + H₂O₂

 $2H_2O_2 + 4$ -Aminoantipyrine POD Quinoneimine + $4H_2O$ + Phenol

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS AND **REAGENT STABILITY**

The reagent and standard is stable till the date of expiry, if stored at 2° - 8° C, protected from light and contamination is avoided. Do not freeze the

Note: Measurement is not influenced by occasionally occurring color

COMPONENTS AND CONCENTRATIONS

Reagent: Pipes Buffer pH 7.0 100 mmol/L. Phenol 1gm/L. Cholesterol esterase (CHE) ≥ 150 U/L, Cholesterol Oxidase ≥ 100 U/L, Peroxidase (POD) ≥500 U/L, 4-Aminoantipyrine 0.5 mmol/L Standard: Cholesterol 200 mg/dL

WASTE MANAGEMENT

Please refer to local legal requirements.

REAGENT PREPARATION & STORAGE

Reagents are ready to use and are stable till the expiry date when stored at recommended temperature and avoid contamination. Do not freeze the reagents!

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

NaCl solution 9 g/L. General laboratory equipment

SPECIMEN

Serum, heparin plasma or EDTA plasma Stability: 1 months at 2° - 8°C, 3 months at -20°C Only freeze once! Discard contaminated specimens.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Wavelength 505 (505 - 546) nm Light path 10 mm Temperature 37°C Measurement Against reagent Blank



Mix, incubate for 5 min. at 37°C. Read absorbance against thereagent

CALCULATION

With Standard or Calibrator

Cholesterol (mg/dL) = ΔA Sample X Conc. Of Std /Cal (mg/dL) ΔA Std. /Cal

QUALITY CONTROL

For internal quality normal and abnormal controls should be assayed with each batch of samples

Each laboratory should establish corrective action in case of deviations in control recovery.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
- Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection
- Always use safety pipettes to pull the reagents into a pipette.
- Reagents may contain some non-reactive and preservative components. It is suggested to handle carefully, avoid direct contact with skin and do not swallow.
- The reagents contain sodium azide (0.95g/L) as preservative. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with skin and mucous membranes.
- For professional use only

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS **MEASURING RANGE**

Measuring range is 5 to 1000 mg/dL. When values exceed 1000 mg/dL, the samples should be diluted 1+1 NaCl solution (9g/L) and the result multiplied by 2.

LINEARITY/LIMIT OF MAXIMUM DETECTION

The maximum limit of detection of the assay is 1000 mg/dL.

SENSITIVITY/LIMIT OF DETECTION

The lower limit of detection of the assay is 5 mg/dL.

SPECIFICITY/INTERFERENCES

No interference was observed by Ascorbic acid up to 5 mg/dL, Bilirubin up to 20 mg/dL, Triglycerides up to 2000mg/dL.

PRECISION

Intra assay n=20	Mean (mg/dL)	SD (mg/dL)	CV (%)	
Sample 1	104.38	1.10	1.05 0.84	
Sample 2	213.82	1.79		
Sample 3	264.94	1.42	0.54	
Inter assay n=20	Mean (mg/dL)	SD (mg/dL)	CV (%)	
Sample 1	107.04	0.98	0.91	
Sample 2	224.35	1.80	0.80	
Sample 3	267.97	1.52	0.57	

METHOD COMPARISON

A comparison of Precision Biomed Cholesterol (v) with a commercially available test (x) using 15 samples gave following results: v = 1.008x - 1.594; r2 = 0.996

REFERENCE RANGE

	Cholesterol (mg/dL)
Desirable	< 200 mg/dL (5.2 mmol/L)
Borderline High Risk	200 - 240 mg/dL (5.2 – 6.2 mmol/L)
High Risk	> 240 mg/dL (> 6.2 mmol/L)

Note: It is recommended that each laboratory should establish its own reference range based on the patient population.



QUICK REFERENCE

Mode	Endpoint
Wavelength	505 (505 – 546) nm
Path length	10 mm
Standard conc.	200 mg/dL
Reagent volume	1000 μL
Sample volume	10 μL
Incubation time	5 min
Temperature	37°C
Blanking	Reagent blank
Normal range	< 200 mg/dL
Linearity	1000 mg/dL
Sensitivity	5 mg/dL

LITERATURE

- 1. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry. 3rd ed. Philadelphia: Saunders Company; 1999.p.809-61
- Eur Heart J 1998: 19 1434-503
- Handbook of lipoprotein testing. Washington: ACC 114.
- Handbook of lipoprotein testing. Washington: AACC 48.

INDEX OF SYMBOLS

INDEX OF STRIBOLS						
ISO 13485	International Organization or Standardization		*	Keep out of Sunlight		
—	Manufacturer		IVD	For invitro diagnostic use only		
Ω	Expiry date		Ωį	Read product insert before use.		
LOT	Lot (batch) number		®	Do not use if package is damaged		
2°C 8°C	Store between 2-8°c		予	Keep Away From Moisture		
APT/IELI/PPC 116 01						

Manufactured by:

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